

24 April 1951 R-14

SUBJECT: Andrej KOSTJUCHENKO

1. Reference is made to report dated 19 April, 13 April, and 9 April, same subject, and to verbal conversation on 19 April at Salzburg.

2. On Monday, 23 April 1951 (by 0728 train) Father van GUTTEN and myself went to Munich arriving at about 1020 hours.

After arrival at Munich the Father waited at Rosengarten whereas I went to Excelsior Hotel. Here the problem was once more briefly discussed, and I received as probable addresses of Alexander HESSEMERTELJ (with whom KOSTJUCHENKO was staying) 207 Nymphenburgerstrasse or 41 Winterstrasse.

The Father now proceeded to meet Andrej KOSTJUCHENKO at Pavlovich KOSARJEV's house (Augustenstrasse) as had been agreed upon, and took the sum of 500.00 D Marks with him. The Father intended to try to privately converse on such occasion with KOSTJUCHENKO and persuade him to go with him. Should such private conversation not be possible he would try to contact KOSTJUCHENKO at one of the above addresses. Contrary to the agreement with KOSARJEV on 18 April KOSTJUCHENKO was not present. KOSARJEV claimed that KOSTJUCHENKO had not visited him (KOSARJEV) since 19 April and that he was afraid that KOSTJUCHENKO might have left. The Father asked KOSARJEV to immediately check on such possibility, and that he would see him again.

I met the Father again at Rosengarten from where the Father now proceeded by taxi to the given addresses (of HESSEMERTELJ's). After some time the Father returned again. He, in the meantime, had been at Winthirstrasse 41 (not Winterstrasse), 207 Nymphenburgerstrasse and 14 Orstrasse. At these houses a number of Russians were living. The Father had talked to a number of Russians (living at above address but had found that Alexander HESSEMERTELJ was completely unknown there. He however heard that another refugee had arrived there also about three months ago - but the description did not fit HESSEMERTELJ.

The Father returned to Rosengarten and proposed that he would now check thru his congregation, and especially thru Russian members of such. This check also did not disclose any further useful facts.

After his return he now again visited KOSARJEV. The latter claimed that he had made investigations in the meantime which pointed to the fact KOSTJUCHENKO had been

-2-

DECLASSIFIED AND RELEASED BY
CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY
SOURCE/METHOD/EXEMPTION 3B2B
NAZI WAR CRIMES DISCLOSURE ACT
DATE 2006

spirited away from Munich by other Russians to the French Zone (Germany) and would most likely proceed from there to Casablanca (where a larger community of Russian refugees exists). KOSSARJEV appeared very disturbed, and blamed such occurrence on the fact that he could not house defectors separated from other Russians (for lack of housing possibility he had placed KOSTJUCHENKO with BESSMERIN, and the latter most probably held other connections). KOSSARJEV now handed to the Father a 7 page report on a Siberian long range bomber base (with one carbon copy) and three sketches thereto. This report he had worked out together with KOSTJUCHENKO. The latter had been personally there (visiting his - in the meantime deceased - wife) and claimed definite knowledge of similar installations in the same area. Of such he had only been able to give rough sketches, which KOSSARJEV would work out until 2 May 1951 and hand them to the Father, together with some brief information on concentration camps in Eastern Siberia. The Father now asked KOSSARJEV if he had further prospects (defectors) to which KOSSARJEV replied in the affirmative. He would gladly place such at the Father's disposal provided that

- a- a housing possibility (absolutely separated from other Russians) would be at hand for new arrivals
- b- that he would be allowed to remain in contact with such future defectors
- c- a telephone number would be given to him which he could contact at all times when he should run into trouble in connection with such work

d- the necessary means and funds be at disposal

KOSSARJEV proposed to make an accompanied trip to Berlin where he had further prospects lined up (or under preparation). He deemed it necessary to be accompanied as to be in a position to pass information on and speed eventually necessary decisions up. The Father would for such purpose propose one of his immediate collaborators, who could do useful work at the same time. KOSSARJEV made some mysterious remarks on other Russians having seen and warned him recently not to mix with defectors (it appears that such Russians work directly or indirectly for US IS); it will be endeavored to get further info. on such. From this conversation it appeared to the Father that KOSSARJEV was personally ready to collaborate on a monopoly basis for us, that apparently he did no more (completely) trust his circle and would therefore become more active personally, and that he obviously held good connections in this line which were worth while exploiting. KOSSARJEV, concerning KOSTJUCHENKO, claimed that he trusted the latter's word that he would under no circumstances pass any information given to him (KOSSARJEV) on to others. The Father now considered it wiser - taking the possibility of future and closer collaboration with KOSSARJEV - to pay the sum of 500.00 D Marks to KOSSARJEV without first contacting me.

Upon his return from KOSMALANY (shortly before 1900 hrs) the Father headed on the above report and telephone and waited to hear more from KOSMALANY. I in turn went to Hotelier Hotel, where I was unable to find my friend; I then frantically tried to reach him by phone (both at his home and office). Finally at 1750 hrs I had to go back to the Father, who had to return for Salzburg by the 2000 hrs train (because of his Czechoslovak screens) and asked him, whom he could be back at Munich. The Father will be back in Munich on 2 May, if so desired. The Father left.

I frequently tried to communicate with my friend at his home from Hotelier Hotel - finally I was informed that his line was apparently out of order. I therefore telephoned to the Duty Officer at about 2100 hrs, and upon my request was informed that he would come to the hotel to pick the reports up since it was impossible to contact my friend. Said officer arrived at abt. 2200 hrs. I handed the above described reports (and sketches) to him together with a note.

I stayed at Regensgarten Hotel and left for Salzburg by the 0730 train, (Sunday 24 April).

3. As already mentioned, the Father intends to see KOSMALANY again on Wednesday 2 May. It would be appreciated if instructions could be received prior to that date.

28 25 April 1951

This date I was informed by phone that the 'track' of KOSMALANY was being followed. I asked for further instructions until noon 1 May 1951.